WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2019 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

House Bill 2764

BY DELEGATES FAST, HARSHBARGER, HOLLEN, MILLER,

HANNA, COWLES, FOSTER, KELLY, D., HOWELL AND PACK

(By request of the Department of Military Affairs and

Public Safety)

[Introduced January 30, 2019; Referred

to the Committee on the Judiciary then Finance.]

A BILL to amend and reenact §15A-4-11 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating
 to the financial responsibility of inmates in relation to civil awards and previously entered
 court-ordered obligations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 4. CORRECTIONS MANAGEMENT.

§15A-4-11. Financial responsibility program for inmates.

1 (a) The Legislature finds that:

2 (1) There is an urgent need for vigorous enforcement of child support, restitution, and
3 other court ordered obligations;

4 (2) The duty of inmates to provide for the needs of dependent children, including their 5 necessary food, clothing, shelter, education, and health care should not be avoided because of 6 where the inmate resides;

7 (3) A person owing a duty of child support who chooses to engage in behaviors that result
8 in the person becoming incarcerated should not be able to avoid child support obligations; and

9 (4) Each sentenced inmate should be encouraged to meet his or her legitimate court-10 ordered financial obligations.

(b) As part of the initial classification process into a correctional facility, the division shall
assist each inmate in developing a financial plan for meeting the inmate's child support
obligations, if any exist. At subsequent program reviews, the division shall consider the inmate's
efforts to fulfill those obligations as indicative of that individual's acceptance and demonstrated
level of responsibility.

16 (c)(1) The superintendent shall deduct from the earnings of each inmate all legitimate 17 court-ordered financial obligations. The superintendent shall also deduct child support payments 18 from the earnings of each inmate who has a court-ordered financial obligation. The commissioner 19 shall develop a policy that outlines the formula for the distribution of the offender's income and 12 the formula shall include a percentage deduction, not to exceed 50 percent in the aggregate, for

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any court ordered victim restitution, court fees, and child support obligations owed under a support
order, including an administrative fee, consistent with the provisions of §48-14-406(c) of this code,
to support the division's administration of this financial service;

(2) If the inmate worker's income is subject to garnishment for child support enforcement
 deductions, it shall be calculated on the net wages after taxes, legal financial obligations, and
 garnishment;

(3) The division shall develop the necessary administrative structure to record inmates
wages and keep records of the amount inmates pay for child support; and

(4) Nothing in this section limits the authority of the Bureau for Child Support Enforcement
 of the Department of Health and Human Resources from taking collection action against an
 inmate's moneys, assets, or property.

32 (d) If an inmate is awarded a civil judgment, or settles a civil matter, which awards him or 33 her monetary damages, the court in which those damages are awarded or settled shall enter an 34 order which deducts all outstanding child support, restitution, or other court-ordered obligations 35 from the award to the inmate, and satisfies those obligations, prior to releasing any funds to the inmate. Notwithstanding any other section of this code, if a civil matter is adjudicated or settled, 36 and this order is not entered by the court, the division shall subtract any outstanding child support, 37 38 restitution, or other court ordered obligations, which the division is aware of, to satisfy these 39 obligations prior to depositing the funds into the inmate's account, up to an amount equal to satisfy these obligations of the inmate. 40

(e) The accumulation of the total funds, not necessary for current distribution, shall be
invested, with the approval of the commissioner or as appropriate, through the West Virginia
Municipal Bond Commission, in short term bonds or treasury certificates or equivalent of the
United States. Bonds and certificates so purchased shall remain in the custody of the State
Treasurer. The earnings from investments so made shall be reported to the principal officer of
each institution from time to time, as earned, and shall be credited to the respective accounts of

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- 47 the institutions by the West Virginia Municipal Bond Commission. When the earnings are
- 48 transferred to the respective institutions, they shall be credited by the superintendent to the credit
- 49 of, and for the benefit of, the inmate, or resident, benefit fund.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to include civil settlements in moneys that should be paid on court ordered obligations of inmates, and allowing the division to subtract the moneys from civil judgments and settlements to be paid towards court ordered obligations even if a court of competent jurisdiction does not enter an order.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.